Ignitable Solids

(30 TAC Chapter 335 Subchapter R Appendix 1 Table 2)

Constituents listed from Department of Transportation Regulations, 49 CFR Part 173 Subpart E, October 1, 1993. Note: The presence of a constituent on this table in a nonhazardous waste does not automatically identify that waste as a Class 1 ignitable waste. The constituents on this table are examples of materials which could be considered Class 1 ignitable waste. The physical characteristics of the waste will be the determining factor as to whether or not a waste is ignitable. Refer to 30 TAC §335.505(2) (relating to Class 1 Waste Determination) for the Class 1 ignitable criteria.

Compound or Material	Compound or Material			
Aluminum, metallic, powder	Calcium silicide			
Alkali metal amalgams	Camphor, synthetic			
Alkali metal amides	Carbon, activated			
Aluminum alkyl halides	Celluloid			
Aluminum alkyl hydrides	Cerium			
Aluminum alkyls	Cesium metal			
Aluminum borohydrides	Chromic acid or chromic acid mixture, dry			
Aluminum carbide	Cobalt naphthenates, powder			
Aluminum ferrosilicon powder	Cobalt resinate			
Aluminum hydride	Decaborane			
Aluminum phosphide	2-Diazo-1-naphthol-4-sulphochloride			
Aluminum resinate	2-Diazo-1-naphthol-5-sulphochloride			
Aluminum silicon powder	2,5-Diethoxy-4-morpholinobenzene-			
Ammonium picrate	diazonium zinc choride			
2,2'-Azodi(2,4-dimethyl-4-methoxyvaleronitrile)	Diethylzinc			
2, 2'-Azodi(2,4-dimethylvaleronitrile)	4-Dimethylamino-6-(2-dimethyaminoethoxy)-			
1, 1' Azodi(hexahydrobenzonitrile)	toluene-2-diazonium zinc choride			
2,2'-Azodi(2-methyl-butryronitrile)	Dimethylzinc			
Azodiisobutryonitrile	Dinitrophenolates			
Barium, metallic	Dinitroresorcinol			
Barium alloys, pyrophoric	N,N'-Dinitroso-N,N'-dimethylterephthalamide			
Barium azide	N,N'-Dinitrosopentamethylenetetramine			
Benzene-1,3-disulfohydrazide	Diphenyloxide-4,4'-disulfohydrazide			
Benzene sulfohydrazide	Dipicryl sulfide			
4-(Benzyl(ethly)amino)-3-ethoxy-	4-Dipropylaminobenzenediazonium zinc chloride			
benzenediazonium zinc chloride	Ferrocerium			
4-(Benzyl(methyl)amino)-3-ethoxy-	Ferrosilicon			
benzenediazonium zinc chloride	Ferrous metal			
Borneol	Hafnium powder			
Boron trifluoride dimethyl etherate	Hexamine			
5-tert-Butyl-2,4,6-trinitro-m-xylene	Hydrides, metal			
Calcium, metallic	3-(2-Hydroxyethoxy)-4-pyrrolidin-1-			
Calcium carbide	ylbenzenediazonium zinc chloride			
Calcium chlorite	Iron oxide, spent			
Calcium cyanamide	Isosorbide dinitrate mixture			
Calcium Cyanamide Calcium dithionite	Lead phosphite, dibasic			
Calcium hypochlorite	Lithium acetylide-ethylene diamine complex			
Calcium manganese silicon	Lithium alkyls			
Calcium ridinganese sincon Calcium silicon powder	Lithium aluminum hydride			
Calcium phosphide	Lithium amide, powdered			
Calcium priospride Calcium pyrophoric	Lithium borohydride			
Calcium pyrophone	Lithium ferrosilicon			

Appendix B-Ignitable Solids

Compound or Material	Compound or Material		
Lithium hydride	Silicon powder, amorphous		
Lithium metal	Silver picrate		
Lithium nitride	Sodium, metallic		
Lithium silicon	Sodium aluminum hydride		
Magnesium granules	Sodium amide		
Magnesium aluminum phosphide	Sodium borohydride		
Magnesium diamide	Sodium chlorite		
Magnesium phosphide	Sodium2-diazo-1-naphthol-4-sulphonate		
Magnesium silicide	Sodium2-diazo-1-naphthol-5-sulphonate		
Maneb	Sodium dichloro-s-triazinetrione		
Manganese resinate	Sodium dinitro-ortho-cresolate		
Methyl magnesium bromide	Sodium hydride		
Methyldichlorosilane	Sodium hydrosulfite		
Mono-(trichloro)tetra(monopotassium dichloro)-	Sodium methylate		
penta-s-triazinetrione	Sodium nitrite and mixtures		
N-Methyl-N'-nitronitrosoguanidine	Sodium picramate, wet		
Naphthalene	Sodium potassium alloys		
Nitrocellulose mixtures	Sodium sulfide, anhydrous		
Nitroguanidine	Stannic phosphide		
p-Nitrosodimethylaniline	Strontium phosphide		
Paraformaldehyde	Sulfur		
Pentaborane ,	Titanium metal powder		
Peratic acid	Titanium hydride		
Phosphorous, amorphous, red	Trichloroisocyanuric acid		
Phosphorous, white or yellow	Trichlorosilane		
Phosphoric anhydride	Trichloro-s-triazinetrione		
Phosphorous pentachloride	Trinitrobenzoic acid		
Phosphorus pentasulfide	Trinitrophenol		
Phosphorus sesquisulfide	Trinitrotoluene		
Phosphorus trisulfide	Urea nitrate		
Picric acid	Zinc ammonium nitrite		
Potassium, metallic	Zinc phosphide		
Potassium dichloro-s-triazinetrione	Zinc powder		
Potassium borohydride	Zinc resinate		
Potassium dithionite	Zirconium hydride, powdered		
Potassium phosphide	Zirconium picramate		
Potassium sulfide, anhydrous	Zirconium powder		
Rubidium metal	Zirconium scrap		
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2000 EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDEBOOK



A GUIDEBOOK FOR FIRST RESPONDERS
DURING THE INITIAL PHASE OF A
DANGEROUS GOODS/HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INCIDENT

ID Guid No. No.	de Name of Material	ID Guide Name of Material No. No.		
2682 157	Caesium hydroxide	2693	154	Calcium hydrogen sulphite,
2682 157	Cesium hydroxide			solution
2683 132	Ammonium hydrosulfide,			Magnesium bisulfite solution
	solution			Magnesium bisulphite solution
2683 132	Ammonium hydrosulphide, solution			Potassium bisulfite solution
2683 132	Ammonium sulfide, solution			Potassium bisulphite solution
	Ammonium sulphide, solution		-	Zinc bisulfite solution
	3-Diethylaminopropylamine			Zinc bisulphite solution
	Diethylaminopropylamine			Tetrahydrophthalic anhydrides
	N,N-Diethylethylenediamine			Trifluoroacetic acid
	2-Diethylaminoethanol			1-Pentol
	Diethylaminoethanol			Dimethyldioxanes
2687 133	•			Butoxyl
	1-Bromo-3-chloropropane			Butylbenzenes
	1-Chloro-3-bromopropane			Dipropyl ketone
	Glycerol alpha-	2711		Dibromobenzene
2003 100	monochlorohydrin			Acridine
2690 152	N,n-Butylimidazole		133	
2691 137	Phosphorus pentabromide			Aluminum resinate
2692 157	Boron tribromide		153	
2693 154	Ammonium bisulfite, solid			Camphor
2693 154	Ammonium bisulfite, solution			Camphor, synthetic
2693 154	Ammonium bisulphite, solid		141	
2693 154	Ammonium bisulphite, solution		141	
2693 154	Bisulfites, aqueous solution,		141	• •
	n.o.s.	İ	140	
2693 154	Bisulfites, inorganic, aqueous solutions, n.o.s.		140 140	Magnesium chlorate Manganese nitrate
2693 154			140	Nickel nitrate
2030 134	n.o.s.		140	Nickel nitrite
2693 154	Bisulphites, inorganic, aqueous		141	
	solutions, n.o.s.	1	140	
2693 154	Calcium hydrogen sulfite,	2120	170	Zitoomuni mitato

POTENTIAL HAZARDS

FIRE OR EXPLOSION

- Flammable/combustible material.
- May be ignited by friction, heat, sparks or flames.
- Some may burn rapidly with flare burning effect.
- Powders, dusts, shavings, borings, turnings or cuttings may explode or burn with explosive violence.
- · Substance may be transported in a molten form.
- · May re-ignite after fire is extinguished.

HEALTH

- Fire may produce irritating and/or toxic gases.
- Contact may cause burns to skin and eyes.
- Contact with molten substance may cause severe burns to skin and eyes.
- · Runoff from fire control may cause pollution.

PUBLIC SAFETY

- CALL Emergency Response Telephone Number on Shipping Paper first. If Shipping Paper not available or no answer, refer to appropriate telephone number listed on the inside back cover.
- Isolate spill or leak area immediately for at least 10 to 25 meters (30 to 80 feet) in all directions.
- · Keep unauthorized personnel away.
- · Stay upwind.
- · Keep out of low areas.

PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

- Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- Structural firefighters' protective clothing will only provide limited protection.

EVACUATION

Large Spill

Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 100 meters (330 feet).

Fire

 If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 800 meters (1/2 mile) in all directions.

FLAMMABLE SOLIDS

GUIDE 133

EMERGENCY RESPONSE

FIRE

Small Fires

• Dry chemical, CO₂, sand, earth, water spray or regular foam.

Large Fires

- · Water spray, fog or regular foam.
- · Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

Fire involving Tanks or Car/Trailer Loads

- Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
- For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.
- Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.
- ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.

SPILL OR LEAK

- ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).
- · Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Small Dry Spills

 With clean shovel place material into clean, dry container and cover loosely; move containers from spill area.

Large Spills

- · Wet down with water and dike for later disposal.
- Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

FIRST AID

- Move victim to fresh air.
 Call 911 or emergency medical service.
- Apply artificial respiration if victim is not breathing.
- · Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult.
- Remove and isolate contaminated clothing and shoes.
- In case of contact with substance, immediately flush skin or eyes with running water for at least 20 minutes.
- Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.
- · Keep victim warm and quiet.
- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.